Runge Independent School District

Runge Independent School District
Information Security Policy
Revised Date: 2/20/2020

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INTRODUCTION

The possibility that electronic information could be lost, corrupted, diverted, or misused represents a real threat to mission performance for Runge ISD (RISD) and other government agencies. Today, RISD is more dependent than ever on information technology. Information technology has gone from being important to being essential in the performance of these missions. However, even as RISD's dependence on information technology has grown, so too has the vulnerability of this technology and the range of external threats to it.

Information security is a key aspect of the interaction among many important societal issues—defense, terrorism, commerce, privacy, intellectual property rights, and computer crime. Information technology resources also consume a growing share of the State's budget and are becoming increasingly important to daily life. As a result, a considerable body of applicable policy is in place, consisting of laws, statutes, regulations, Executive Orders, and other directives. RISD's Information Security Program, as well as those of other agencies, must operate within this complex policy landscape to ensure that the State, and in particular, RISD meets its obligations to its citizens and customers. Providing for the security of information resources are not only a difficult technical challenge, it is also a human challenge. Ultimately information security is a human endeavor that depends heavily on the behavior of individual people.

PURPOSE OF THIS POLICY

By information security we mean protection of Runge ISD's, hereinafter referred to as RISD**,** data, applications, networks, and computer systems from unauthorized access, alteration, or destruction.

The purpose of the information security policy is:
- To establish an RISD-wide approach to information security.
- To prescribe mechanisms that help identify and prevent the compromise of information security and the misuse of RISD data, applications, networks and computer systems.
- To define mechanisms that protect the reputation of RISD and allow RISD to satisfy its legal and ethical responsibilities with regard to its networks' and computer systems' connectivity to worldwide networks.
- To prescribe an effective mechanism for responding to external complaints and queries about real or perceived non-compliance with this policy.

GENERAL POLICY

Throughout the document the terms must and should are used carefully. The term must is not negotiable; the term should is a goal for RISD.

• RISD will use a layered approach of overlapping controls, monitoring and authentication to ensure overall security of RISD's data, network and system resources.

• Security reviews of servers, firewalls, routers and monitoring platforms should be conducted on a regular basis. These reviews should include monitoring access logs and results of intrusion detection software, where it has been installed.

• Vulnerability and risk assessment tests of external network connections should be conducted on a regular basis. Testing should be performed annually, but the sensitivity of the information secured may require that these tests be done more often.

• Education should be implemented to ensure that users understand data sensitivity issues, levels of confidentiality, and the mechanisms to protect the data. This should be tailored to the role of the individual: network administrator, system administrator, data custodian, and users.

• Violation of the Information Security Policy may result in disciplinary actions as authorized by RISD in accordance with RISD and disciplinary policies, procedures, and codes of conduct.

Ownership

The Information Security Policies are owned by RISD Technology Director. The Technology Director, or designate, is the only authority that can approve modifications to the Security Policies.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standards.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of **RISD** information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD**.**

Revision History

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Security Policy Development and Maintenance Policy

Introduction

RISD Information Security Policies provides the operational detail required for the successful implementation of the Information Security Program. These security policies were developed based on, and cross referenced to, the Security Policy Standards. In addition, these policies have been developed by interpreting Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA), Texas Administrative Code, Chapter 202 (TAC 202) and other legislation and legal requirements, understanding business needs, evaluating existing technical implementations, and by considering the cultural environment.

Purpose

The business, technical, cultural, and legal environment of RISD, as it relates to information resources use and security, is constantly changing. These policies are technology neutral and apply to all aspects of information resources. Emerging technologies or new legislation, however, will impact these Information Security Policies over time. The Security Policies will be revised as needed to comply with changes in federal or state law or rules promulgated there under or to enhance its effectiveness.

Security Policy Development and Maintenance Policy

A number of factors could result in the need or desire to change the Security Policies. These factors include, but are not limited to:

• Review schedule
• New federal or state legislation
• Newly discovered security vulnerability
• New technology
• Audit report
• Business requirements
• Cost/benefit analysis
• Cultural change

Updates to RISD Information Security Policies, which include establishing new policies, modifying existing policies, or removing policies, can result from three different processes:

• At least annually, the Technology Director, or designee, will review the Policies for possible addition, revision, or deletion. An addition, revision, or deletion is created if it is deemed appropriate.

• Every time new information resource technology is introduced into RISD, a security assessment should be completed. The result of the security assessment could necessitate changes to the Security Policies before the new technology is permitted for use at RISD.

Any administrator may propose the establishment, revision, or deletion of any practice standard at any time. These proposals should be directed to the Technology Director who will evaluate the proposal.

Once a change to the Security Policies has been approved by the Technology Director, or designee, the following steps will be taken as appropriate to properly document and communicate the change:

• Training and compliance materials will be updated to reflect the change

The changes will be communicated using standard RISD communications methods such as: announcements, web page notification, newsletters, and communications meetings.

Support Information

This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

Revision History

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SECURITY POLICY STANDARDS

Introduction

The Information Security Policy Standards apply to all information obtained, created, or maintained by RISD's automated Information Technology. These Policy Standards are based on the interpretation of Texas Administrative Code, Title 1, Part 10, Chapter 202 (TAC 202) and other reference material and apply equally to all levels of management and to the personnel they supervise. Further, these Policy Standards apply to all information generated by RISD's Information Technology functions, through the time of its transfer to ownership external to RISD or its proper disposal/destruction.

Audience

These Policy Standards apply equally to all personnel including, but not limited to, RISD's employees, agents, consultants, volunteers, and all other authorized users granted access to information resources.

Definitions

Information: Any and all data, regardless of form, that is created, contained in, or processed by, Information Technology facilities, communications networks, or storage media.

Information Resources: any and all computer printouts, online display devices, magnetic storage media, and all computer-related activities involving any device capable of receiving email, browsing Web sites, or otherwise capable of receiving, storing, managing, or transmitting electronic data including, but not limited to, servers, personal computers, notebook computers, hand-held computers, tablets, distributed processing systems, network attached and computer controlled equipment (i.e. embedded technology), telecommunication resources, network environments, telephones, fax machines, and printers. Additionally, it is the procedures, equipment, facilities, software, and data that are designed, built, operated, and maintained to create, collect, record, process, store, retrieve, display, and transmit information.

Key Roles & Responsibilities

Technology Director: Responsible to RISD and the State of Texas for management of RISD's information resources. The designation of an RISD TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR is intended to establish clear accountability for setting policy for information resources management activities, provide for greater coordination of the state RISD's information activities, and ensure greater visibility of such activities within and between state agencies. The TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR has been given the authority and the accountability by the State of Texas to implement Security Policies, Procedures, Practice Standards, and Guidelines to protect the information resources of RISD.

The Technology Director is RISD's internal and external point of contact for all information security matters. The TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR duties include but are not limited to:

• Assuring the information security policy is updated on a regular basis (at a minimum annually) and published as appropriate.
• Appropriate training is provided to data owners, data custodians, network and system administrators, and users.
• Appoints a person, if applicable, to be responsible for security implementation, incident response, periodic user access reviews, and education of information security policies including, for example, information about virus infection risks.

Owner: The manager or agent responsible for the function which is supported by the resource, the individual upon whom responsibility rests for carrying out the program that uses the resources. The owner is responsible for establishing the controls that provide the security. The owner of a collection of information is the person responsible for the business results of that system or the use of the information. Where appropriate, ownership may be shared by managers of different departments.

User: Has the responsibility to (1) use the resource only for the purpose specified by the owner, (2) comply with controls established by the owner, and (3) prevent disclosure of confidential or sensitive information. The user is any person who has been authorized to read, enter, or update information by the owner of the information. The user is the single most effective control for providing adequate security.

Information Technology (IT): The name of RISD department responsible for computers, networking, and data management.

Application of Policy Standards

RISD will protect the information resource assets of Runge ISD and the in accordance with Standards and Guidelines as published by State and Federal regulations.

Specifically, RISD will apply policies, procedures, practice standards, and guidelines to protect its IT functions from internal data or programming errors and from misuse by individuals within or outside RISD. This is to protect RISD from the risk of compromising the integrity of shared data, violating individual rights to privacy and confidentiality, violating criminal law, or potentially endangering the public's safety.

All RISD information security programs will be responsive and adaptable to changing technologies affecting information resources.

Policy Standard   Detail based on Best Practices

Reference #

1. Information Technology Security controls must not be bypassed or disabled.

2. Security awareness of personnel must be continually emphasized, reinforced, updated and validated.

3. All personnel are responsible for managing their use of information resources and are accountable for their actions relating to information resources security. Personnel are also equally responsible for reporting any suspected or confirmed violations of this policy to the appropriate management immediately.

4. Passwords, Personal Identification Numbers (PIN), Security Tokens (i.e. Smartcard), and other computer systems security procedures and devices shall be protected by the individual user from use by, or disclosure to, any other individual or organization. All security violations shall be reported to the owner department management immediately.

5. Access to, change to, and use of information resources must be strictly secured. Information access authority for each user must be reviewed on a regular basis, as well as at each job status change such as: a transfer, promotion, demotion, or termination of service.

6. The use of information resources must be for officially authorized business purposes only. There is no guarantee of personal privacy or access to tools such as, but not limited to; email, Web browsing, and other electronic discussion tools. The use of these electronic communications tools may be monitored to fulfill complaint or investigation requirements. Departments responsible for the custody and operation of computers (custodian departments) shall be responsible for proper authorization of information resources utilization, the establishment of effective use, and reporting of performance to management.

7. Any data used in an information resources system must be kept confidential and secure by the user. The fact that the data may be stored electronically does not change the requirement to keep the information confidential and secure. Rather, the type of information or the information itself is the basis for determining whether the data must be kept confidential and secure. Furthermore, if this data is stored in a paper or electronic format, or if the data is copied, printed, or electronically transmitted the data must still be protected as confidential and secured.

8. All computer software programs, applications, source code, object code, documentation and data shall be guarded and protected as if it were state property.

9. On termination of the relationship with RISD users must surrender all property and information resources managed by RISD. All security policies for information resources apply to and remain in force in the event of a terminated relationship until such surrender is made. Further, this policy survives the terminated relationship.

10. The owner should engage the Technology Director, or designate, at the onset of any project to acquire computer hardware or to purchase or develop computer software. The costs of acquisitions, development and operation of computer hardware and applications must be authorized by appropriate management. Management and the requesting department must act within their delegated approval limits in accordance with RISD authorization policy.

11. The department which requests and authorizes a computer application (the owner) must take the appropriate steps to ensure the integrity and security of all programs and data files created by, or acquired for, computer applications. To ensure a proper segregation of duties, owner responsibilities cannot be delegated.

12. The information resource network is owned and controlled by IT. Approval must be obtained from IT before connecting a device that does not comply with published guidelines to the network. IT reserves the right to remove any network device that does not comply with standards or is not considered to be adequately secure.

13. The release of computer programs or data, including email lists and departmental telephone directories, to other persons or organizations must comply with all RISD legal and fiscal policies and procedures.

14. The integrity of general use software, utilities, operating systems, networks, and respective data files are the responsibility of the custodian department. Data for test and research purposes must be de- personalized prior to release to testers unless each individual involved in the testing has authorized access to the data.

15. All changes or modifications to information resource systems, networks, programs or data must be approved by the owner department that is responsible for their integrity.

16. Technology Director must provide adequate access controls in order to monitor systems to protect data and programs from misuse in accordance with the needs defined by owner departments. Access must be properly documented, authorized and controlled.

17. All departments must carefully assess the risk of unauthorized alteration, unauthorized disclosure, or loss of the data for which they are responsible and ensure, through the use of monitoring systems, that RISD is protected from damage, monetary or otherwise. Owner departments must have appropriate backup and contingency plans for disaster recovery based on risk assessment and business requirements.

18. All computer systems contracts, leases, licenses, consulting arrangements or other agreements must be authorized and signed by an authorized RISD officer and must contain terms approved by RISD administration.

19. Information resources computer systems and/or associated equipment used for RISD business that is conducted and managed outside of RISD control must meet contractual requirements and be subject to monitoring.

20. External access to and from information resources must meet appropriate published RISD security guidelines.

21. All commercial software used on computer systems must be supported by a software license agreement that specifically describes the usage rights and restrictions of the product. Personnel must abide by all license agreements and must not illegally copy licensed software. The Technology Director through IT reserves the right to remove any unlicensed software from any computer system.

22. The Technology Director through IT reserves the right to remove any non-business related software or files from any system. Examples of non-business related software or files include, but are not limited to: games, instant messengers, pop email, music files, image files, freeware, and shareware.

23. Adherence to all other policies, practice standards, procedures, and guidelines issued in support of these policy statements is mandatory.

Disciplinary Action
Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

Revision History

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v 2.0	Jeff Harris	2/20/2020		Approver	07/20/2016

Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy

Introduction
All **RISD** information resources are subject to certain rules and conditions concerning official and appropriate use as specified.

Purpose

Any event that results in theft, loss, unauthorized use, unauthorized disclosure, unauthorized modification, unauthorized destruction, or degraded or denied services of information resources constitutes a breach of security.

Violations Policy

Violations may include, but are not limited to any act that:

• Exposes RISD to actual or potential monetary loss through the compromise of information resources security,

• Involves the disclosure of sensitive or confidential information or the unauthorized use of **RISD** data or resources,

• Involves the use of information resources for personal gain, unethical, harmful, or illicit purposes, or results in public embarrassment to RISD.

Disciplinary Actions Policy

Violations of these Information Security Policies may result in immediate disciplinary action that may include, but may not be limited to:

• Formal reprimand,

• Suspended or restricted access to **RISD** information resources,

• restitution or reimbursement for any damage or misappropriation of any **RISD** property,

• Suspension without pay,

• Termination of employment,

• Termination of contract,

• Civil prosecution or state and/or federal criminal prosecution.

Support Information

This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of **RISD** information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

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ACCEPTABLE USE POLICY

Introduction

Under the provisions of the Information Resources Management Act, information resources are strategic assets of the State of Texas that must be managed as valuable state resources. Thus this policy is established to achieve the following:

• To ensure compliance with applicable statutes, regulations, and mandates regarding the management of information resources.

• To establish prudent and acceptable practices regarding the use of information resources.

• To educate individuals who may use information resources with respect to their responsibilities associated with such use.

Ownership of Electronic Files

Electronic files created, sent, received, or stored on information resources owned, leased administered, or otherwise under the custody and control of RISD are the property of RISD.

Privacy

Electronic files created, sent, received, or stored on information resources owned, leased, administered, or otherwise under the custody and control of RISD are not private and may be accessed by RISD IT employees at any time without knowledge of the information resources user or owner. Electronic file content may be accessed by appropriate personnel in accordance with the provisions and safeguards provided in the Texas Administrative Code 202, Information Resource Standards.

Acceptable Use Policy

RISD must have a policy on appropriate and acceptable use that includes these requirements:

• RISD computer resources must be used in a manner that complies with RISD policies and State and Federal laws and regulations. It is against RISD policy to install or run software requiring a license on any RISD computer without a valid license.

• All software must be authorized by RISD IT prior to use.

• Use of RISD's computing and networking infrastructure by RISD employees unrelated to their RISD positions must be limited in both time and resources and must not interfere in any way with RISD functions or the employee's duties. It is the responsibility of employees to consult their supervisors, if they have any questions in this respect.

• Uses that interfere with the proper functioning or the ability of others to make use of RISD's networks, computer systems, applications and data resources are not permitted.

• Use of RISD computer resources for personal profit is not permitted.

• Files, images, emails or documents which may cause legal action against or embarrassment to RISD, may not be sent, received, accessed in any format (i.e. auditory, verbal or visual), downloaded or stored on RISD information resources.

• All messages, files and documents – including personal messages, files and documents – located on RISD information resources are owned by RISD, may be subject to open records requests, and may be accessed in accordance with this policy.

• Decryption of passwords is not permitted, except by authorized staff performing security reviews or investigations.

• Use of network sniffers shall be restricted to system administrators who must use such tools to solve network problems. Network sniffers may be used by auditors or security officers in the performance of their duties. All use of network sniffers shall be approved by the TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR. They must not be used to monitor or track any individual's network activity except under special authorization as defined by RISD policy that protects the privacy of information in electronic form.

• Users must not download, install or run any programs or utilities on their systems except those authorized and installed by RISD IT and specifically designed to conduct the business of RISD. Examples of non-business related software or files include but are not limited to: unauthorized peer-to-peer (P2P) file-sharing software, games, unauthorized instant messengers (IM), pop email, music files, image files, freeware, and shareware. Unauthorized software may be removed upon discovery.

Incidental Use

As a convenience to RISD user community, incidental use of information resources may be permitted. The following restrictions apply:

• Incidental use must not interfere with the normal performance of an employee's work duties.

• Storage of personal email messages, voice messages, files and documents within RISD's information resources must be nominal.

• All messages, files and documents – including personal messages, files and documents – located on RISD information resources are owned by RISD, may be subject to open records requests, and may be accessed in accordance with this policy.

Support Information

This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

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Introduction

Computer accounts are the means used to grant access to RISD information resources. These accounts provide a means of providing accountability, a key to any computer security program, for Information Technology usage. This means that creating, controlling, and monitoring all computer accounts is extremely important to an overall security program.

Purpose

The purpose of RISD Account Management Security Policy is to establish the rules for the creation, monitoring, control and removal of user accounts.

Account Management Policy

• All accounts created must have an associated request that is appropriate for RISD system or service.

• All users should sign RISD Acceptable Use Policy and Internet Safety Policy Agreement Release Form before access is given to an account.

• All accounts must be uniquely identifiable using the assigned user name.

• All default passwords for accounts must be constructed in accordance with RISD Password Policy.

• Accounts of individuals on extended leave (more than 30 days) may be disabled.

• All new user accounts that have not been accessed within 30 days of creation may be disabled.

• Supervisors are responsible for immediately notifying the Technology Director of individuals that change roles within RISD or are separated from their relationship with RISD

• Technology Director or other designated staff:

  ❖ are responsible for removing the accounts of individuals that change roles within RISD or are separated from their relationship with RISD
  ❖ periodically review existing accounts for validity
  ❖ must provide a list of accounts for the systems they administer when requested by authorized RISD management
  ❖ must cooperate with authorized RISD management investigating security incidents.

Support Information

This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of **RISD** information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

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DATA CLASSIFICATION POLICY

Introduction

Agreed information security classification definitions are an essential pre-requisite for many information security policies. They provide a consistent method for assessing and applying a sensitivity level to the important information assets of RISD. These classification "labels" can then be used as the basis for evaluating the appropriate protective measures (technical and non-technical) needed to ensure the risk to these assets is minimized.

Purpose

It is essential that all RISD data be protected. There are however gradations that require different levels of security. All data should be reviewed on a periodic basis and classified according to its use, sensitivity, and importance. To assure proper protection of RISD's information resources, various levels of classifications will be applied.

Data Classification Policy

RISD has specified three classes below:

High Risk - Information assets for which there are legal requirements for preventing disclosure or financial penalties for disclosure. Data covered by federal and state legislation, such as FERPA, HIPAA or the Data Protection Act, are in this class. Payroll, personnel, and financial information are also in this class because of privacy requirements. This policy recognizes that other data may need to be treated as high risk because it would cause severe damage to RISD if disclosed or modified. The data owner should make this determination. It is the data owner's responsibility to implement the necessary security requirements.

Confidential – Data that would not expose RISD to loss if disclosed, but that the data owner feels should be protected to prevent unauthorized disclosure. It is the data owner's responsibility to implement the necessary security requirements.

Public - Information that may be freely disseminated.
All information resources should be categorized and protected according to the requirements set for each classification. The data classification and its corresponding level of protection should be consistent when the data is replicated and as it flows through RISD.

- Owners must determine the data classification and must ensure that the data is protected in a manner appropriate to its classification.
- No **RISD**-owned system or network subnet can have a connection to the Internet without the means to protect the information on those systems consistent with its confidentiality classification.
- Technology Director is responsible for creating data repositories and data transfer procedures which protect data in the manner appropriate to its classification.
- High risk data must be encrypted during transmission over insecure channels.

- Confidential data should be encrypted during transmission over insecure channels.
- All appropriate data should be backed up, and the backups tested periodically, as part of a documented, regular process.
- Backups of data must be handled with the same security precautions as the data itself. When systems are disposed of, or repurposed, data must be certified deleted or disks destroyed consistent with industry best practices for the security level of the data.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of **RISD** information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

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EMAIL USE POLICY

Introduction
Under the provisions of the Information Resources Management Act, information resources are strategic assets of the State of Texas that must be managed as valuable state resources. Thus, this policy is established to achieve the following:
- To ensure compliance with applicable statutes, regulations, and mandates regarding the management of information resources.
- To establish prudent and acceptable practices regarding the use of email.
- To educate individuals using email with respect to their responsibilities associated with such use.

Purpose
The purpose of RISD Email Policy is to establish the rules for the use of RISD email for the sending, receiving, or storing of electronic mail.

Email Use Policy

• The following activities are prohibited by policy:

❖ Sending email that is intimidating or harassing.

❖ Using email for purposes of political lobbying or campaigning.

❖ Violating copyright laws by inappropriately distributing protected works.

❖ Posing as anyone other than oneself when sending email, except when authorized to send messages for another when serving in an administrative support role.

❖ The use of unauthorized e-mail software.

❖ Excessive personal use. Personal Use of email is a privilege which is revocable at any time.

• The following activities are prohibited because they impede the functioning of network communications and the efficient operations of electronic mail systems:

❖ Sending or forwarding chain letters.

❖ Sending unsolicited messages to large groups except as required to conduct RISD business.

Sending or forwarding email that is likely to contain computer viruses.

• All sensitive RISD material transmitted over external network should be encrypted.

• All user activity on RISD information resource assets is subject to logging and review.

• Electronic mail users must not give the impression that they are representing, giving opinions, or otherwise making statements on behalf of RISD or any unit of RISD unless appropriately authorized to do so. Where appropriate, an explicit disclaimer will be included unless it is clear from the context that the author is not representing RISD. An example of a simple disclaimer is: "the opinions expressed are my own, and not necessarily those of my employer."

• Individuals must not send, forward or receive confidential or sensitive RISD information through non-RISD email accounts.   Examples of non-RISD email accounts include, but are not limited to: Gmail, Hotmail, Yahoo mail, AOL mail, and email provided by other Internet Service Providers (ISP).

• Individuals must not send, forward, receive or store confidential or sensitive RISD information utilizing non-RISD accredited mobile devices. Examples of mobile devices include, but are not limited to: laptops, tablets, and cellular telephones.

Support Information

This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

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MALICIOUS CODE POLICY

Introduction

The number of computer security and malicious code incidents linked with the resulting cost of business disruption and service restoration continue to escalate. Implementing solid security policies, blocking unnecessary access to networks and computers, improving user security awareness, and early detection and mitigation of security incidents are some of the actions that can be taken to reduce the risk and drive down the cost of security incidents.

Purpose

The purpose of the Malicious Code Policy is to describe the requirements for dealing with computer virus, spyware, worm and Trojan horse prevention, detection and cleanup.

Malicious Code Policy

• The willful introduction of computer viruses or disruptive/destructive programs into RISD environment is prohibited, and violators may be subject to prosecution.

• All workstation systems that connect to the network must be protected with an approved, licensed anti-virus software product that it is kept updated according to IT's recommendations.

• All servers that connect to the network and that are vulnerable to virus or worm attack must be protected with an approved, licensed anti-virus software product that it is kept updated. Every virus that is not automatically cleaned by the virus protection software constitutes a security incident and must be reported to the Technology Director.

• All incoming data including electronic mail must be scanned for viruses where such products exist and are financially feasible to implement. Outgoing electronic mail should be scanned where such capabilities exist.

• Where feasible, the Technology Director should inform users when a malicious code threat has been detected.

• Virus scanning logs should be maintained whenever email is centrally scanned for viruses.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of **RISD** information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

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NETWORK ACCESS POLICY

Introduction
RISD network infrastructure is provided as a central utility for all users of RISD information resources. It is important that the infrastructure, which includes cabling and the associated 'active equipment', continues to develop with sufficient flexibility to meet RISD demands while at the same time remaining capable of exploiting anticipated developments in high speed networking technology to allow the future provision of enhanced user services.

Purpose
The purpose of RISD Network Access Policy is to establish the rules for the access and use of the network infrastructure. These rules are necessary to preserve the integrity, availability and confidentiality of RISD information.

Network Access Policy

• Users are permitted to use only those network addresses issued to them by RISD IT.

• Remote users may connect to RISD information resources only through methods and using protocols approved by RISD.

• Users inside RISD firewall may not be connected to RISD network at the same time an alternate connection is being used to connect to an external network.

• Users must not install network hardware or software that provides network services without written approval from the TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR. This includes wireless access points, network cards, and remote access software.

• Non RISD computer systems that require network connectivity must conform to RISD IT Standards.

• Users must not download, install or run security programs or utilities that reveal weaknesses in the security of a system. For example, RISD users must not run password cracking programs, packet sniffers, network mapping tools, or port scanners while connected in any manner to RISD network infrastructure without written approval from the TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR.

• Users are not permitted to alter network hardware in any way.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action
Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

Revision History

Version	Author	Date	Comments	Approved by	Approved Date
v 2.0	Jeff H	2/28/2020		Approver	07/20/2016

PASSWORD POLICY

Introduction

User authentication is a means to control who has access to an Information Technology system. Controlling the access is necessary for any information resource. Access gained by an unauthorized entity can cause loss of information confidentiality, integrity and availability that may result in loss of revenue, liability, loss of trust, or embarrassment to RISD.

Three factors, or a combination of these factors, can be used to authenticate a user. Examples are:
• Something you know – password, Personal Identification Number (PIN)
• Something you have – Smartcard
• Something you are – fingerprint, iris scan, voice

A combination of factors – Smartcard and a PIN

Purpose

The purpose of RISD Password Policy is to establish the rules for the creation, distribution, safeguarding, termination, and reclamation of RISD user authentication mechanisms.

Password Policy

• All passwords, including initial passwords, must be constructed and implemented according to the following RISD Information Technology rules:
it should adhere to a minimum password standard as established by Appendix A of this Policy it should not be anything that can easily tie back to the account owner such as user name, social security number, nickname, relative's names, birth date, etc. it must not be dictionary words or acronyms password history must be kept to prevent the reuse of a password

• Stored passwords must be encrypted.
• User account passwords must not be divulged to anyone other than RISD Technology Director.
• If the security of a password is in doubt, the password must be changed immediately.
• Administrators must not circumvent the Password Policy for the sake of ease of use.
• Computing devices should not be left unattended without enabling a password protected screensaver or logging off of the device.
• In the event passwords are found or discovered, the following steps must be taken:
  ❖ Take control of the passwords and protect them
  ❖ Report the discovery to RISD Technology Director

Support Information

This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

Revision History

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Appendix A to the Password Policy RISD minimum password standard

The following minimum standard for password creation applies to users of RISD information systems.

Use a minimum of eight characters.

Users are encouraged to use a more complex password structure including at least one character from the following four classes:

- ❖ English upper case letters
- ❖ English lower case letters
- ❖ Numerals (0, 1, 2...)
- ❖ Non-alphanumeric (special) characters such as punctuation symbols (!@#$%^&*_+=?/~`;:,<>|\).

• Very important passwords (e.g. password for any privileged or administrative account) should be at least 10 characters long;

• Do not reuse a password: construct a new password each time it is changed.

RISD password aging policy
• Passwords should be changed at least every 90 days

Revision History

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v 2.0	Jeff H	2/28/2020		Approver	07/20/2016

PORTABLE COMPUTING POLICY

Introduction
Portable computing devices are becoming increasingly powerful and affordable. Their small size and functionality are making these devices ever more desirable to replace traditional desktop devices in a wide number of applications. However, the portability offered by these devices may increase the security exposure to groups using the devices.

Purpose
The purpose of RISD Portable Computing Security Policy is to establish the rules for the use of mobile computing devices and their connection to the network. These rules are necessary to preserve the integrity, availability, and confidentiality of RISD information.

Definitions
Portable Computing Devices: Any easily portable device that is capable of receiving and/or transmitting data to and from RISD information resources. These include, but are not limited to, notebook computers, tablets, and cell phones.

Portable Computing Policy
• Only RISD approved portable computing devices may be used to access RISD information resources.

• Portable computing devices should be password protected.

• Sensitive RISD data should not be stored on portable computing devices. However, in the event that there is no alternative to local storage, all sensitive RISD data should be encrypted using approved encryption techniques.

• RISD data must not be transmitted via wireless to or from a portable computing device unless approved wireless transmission protocols along with approved encryption techniques are utilized.

• All remote access to RISD network must be through an approved method as established in the network access policy.

   • Non RISD computer systems that require network connectivity should conform to RISD IT Standards and should be approved by RISD TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR.

   • Unattended portable computing devices should be physically secure. This means they should be locked in an office, locked in a desk drawer or filing cabinet, or attached to a desk or cabinet via a cable lock system.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action
Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

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v 2.0	Jeff H	2/28/2020		Approver	01/06/2016

PRIVACY POLICY

Introduction

Privacy Policies are mechanisms used to establish the limits and expectations for the users of **RISD** information resources. Internal users should have no expectation of privacy with respect to information resources.

Purpose

The purpose of RISD Information Privacy Policy is to clearly communicate RISD Information Technology privacy expectations to information resource users.

Privacy Policy

• Electronic files created, sent, received, or stored on information resources owned, leased, administered, or otherwise under the custody and control of RISD are not private and may be accessed by RISD IT employees, for business reasons at any time without knowledge of the information resource user or owner.

• To manage systems and enforce security, RISD may log, review, and otherwise utilize any information stored on or passing through its IT systems in accordance with the provisions and safeguards provided in the Texas Administrative Code 202, Information Resource Standards. For these same purposes, RISD may also capture User activity such as IP addresses and web sites visited.

• A wide variety of third parties have entrusted their information to RISD for business purposes, and all workers at RISD must do their best to safeguard the privacy and security of this information. The most important of these third parties is the students; student data is accordingly confidential, and access will be strictly limited based on business need for access.

• Users must report any weaknesses in RISD computer security, any incidents of possible misuse or violation of this agreement to the Technology Director.

• Users must not attempt to access any data or programs contained on RISD systems for which they do not have authorization or explicit consent.

Support Information

This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

Revision History

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v 2.0	Jeff H	2/28/2020		Approver	07/20/2016

SECURITY AWARENESS POLICY

Introduction

Understanding the importance of computer security and individual responsibilities and accountability for computer security are paramount to achieving organization security goals. This can be accomplished with a combination of general computer security awareness training and targeted, product specific training. The philosophy of protection and specific security instructions needs to be taught to, and re-enforced with, computer users. The security awareness and training information needs to be continuously upgraded and reinforced.

Purpose

The purpose of the Security Awareness Policy is to describe the requirements that will ensure each user of RISD information resources receives adequate training on information security awareness issues.

Security Awareness Policy

• All new users should complete an approved Security Awareness orientation prior to being granted access to any RISD information resources.

• All users must sign an acknowledgement stating they have read and understand RISD requirements regarding computer security policies and procedures.

• All users (employees, consultants, contractors, temporaries, etc.) must be provided with sufficient training and supporting reference materials to allow them to properly protect RISD information resources.

• IT must prepare, maintain, and distribute one or more information security manuals that concisely describe RISD information security policies and procedures.

• IT must develop and maintain a communications process to be able to communicate new computer security program information, security bulletin information, and security items of interest as approved by the TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action
Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

Revision History

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SOFTWARE LICENSING POLICY

Introduction
End-user license agreements are used by software and other information technology companies to protect their valuable intellectual assets and to advise technology users of their rights and responsibilities under intellectual property and other applicable laws.

Purpose
The purpose of the Software Licensing Policy is to establish the rules for licensed software use on RISD information resources.

Software Licensing Policy

• RISD provides a sufficient number of licensed copies of software such that workers can get their work done in an expedient and effective manner. Management must make appropriate arrangements with the involved vendor(s) for additional licensed copies if and when additional copies are needed for business activities.

• Third party copyrighted information or software, that RISD does not have specific approval to store and/or use, must not be stored on RISD systems or networks. All software on RISD computers will be procured, maintained and installed by IT unless specific written approval is granted. Technology Director may remove unauthorized material.

• Third party software in the possession of RISD must not be copied unless such copying is consistent with relevant license agreements and prior management approval of such copying has been obtained, or copies are being made for contingency planning purposes.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

EXCEPTION POLICY

Introduction
RISD Information Security Policies provide the techniques and methodology to protect RISD information resource assets. While these Policies are technology independent they are more closely linked to the technology than the Policy Standards and are hence more likely to be impacted by changing technology, legislation, and business requirements. As with most policies there may be a need for exception.

Purpose
An exception is a method used to document variations from the rules Exception Policy

In certain cases, compliance with specific policy requirements may not be immediately possible. Reasons include, but are not limited to, the following:

• Required commercial or other software in use is not currently able to support the required features;
• Legacy systems are in use which does not comply.
• Costs for reasonable compliance are disproportionate relative to the potential damage. In such cases, a written explanation of the compliance issue must be developed and a plan for coming into compliance with RISD's Information Security Policy in a reasonable amount of time. Explanations and plans should be submitted according to the process for approval:

The steps for permitting and documenting an exception are:

• A request for an exception is received by the TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR
• The TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR analyzes the request and determines if the exception should be accepted, denied, or if it requires more investigation
• If more investigation is required the TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR will determine if there is a cost effective solution to the problem that does not require an exception
• If there is not an alternate cost effective solution, and the risk is minimal, the exception may be granted
• Each exception must be re-examined periodically
Any exception request that is rejected may be appealed to the TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Support Information
Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

Revision History

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ADMINISTRATION/SPECIAL ACCESS POLICY

Introduction
Technical support staff, security administrators, system administrators and others may have special access account privilege requirements compared to typical or everyday users. The fact that these administrative and special access accounts have a higher level of access means that granting, controlling and monitoring these accounts is extremely important to an overall security program.

Purpose
The purpose of RISD Administrative/Special Access Practice Standard is to establish the rules for the creation, use, monitoring, control and removal of accounts with special access privilege.

Administrative/ Special Access Policy

• All users of Administrative/Special Access accounts must sign RISD Acceptable Use Policy and Internet Safety Policy Agreement Release Form before access is given to an account.

• All users of Administrative/Special access accounts must have account management instructions and authorization.

• Each individual that uses Administrative/Special access accounts must refrain from abuse of privilege and must only do investigations under the direction of the TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR.

• Each account used for administrative/special access must meet RISD Password Policy.

• The password for a shared administrator/special access account must change when an individual with the password leaves the department or RISD, or upon a change in the vendor personnel assigned to RISD contract.

• In the case where a system has only one administrator there should be a password escrow procedure in place so that someone other than the administrator can gain access to the administrator account in an emergency situation.

• When Special Access accounts are needed for Internal or External Audit, software development, software installation, or other defined need, they:

❖ Must be authorized by the TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR, must be created with a specific expiration date and must be removed when work is complete.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Actions
Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

Revision History

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v 2.0	Jeff H	2/28/2020		Approver	07/20/2016

BACKUP/DISASTER RECOVERY POLICY

Introduction
Electronic backups are a business requirement to enable the recovery of data and applications in the case of events such as natural disasters, system disk drive failures, data entry errors, system operations errors or other data corruption.

Purpose
The purpose of RISD Backup/DR Policy is to establish the rules for the backup and storage of electronic RISD information.

Backup/Disaster Recovery Policy

• The frequency and extent of backups must be in accordance with the importance of the information and the acceptable risk as determined by the data owner.

• RISD Information Technology backup and recovery process for each system should be documented and periodically reviewed.

• The vendor(s) providing offsite backup storage for RISD must be cleared to handle the highest level of information stored.

• Physical access controls implemented at offsite backup storage locations must meet or exceed the physical access controls of the source systems. Additionally, backup media must be protected in accordance with the highest RISD sensitivity level of information stored.

• A process should be implemented to verify the success of RISD electronic information backup.

• Backups should be periodically tested to ensure that they are recoverable.

• Procedures should be reviewed at least annually.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Support Information
Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

Revision History

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v 2.0	Jeff H	2/28/2020		Approver	01/18/15

CHANGE MANAGEMENT POLICY

Introduction
The Information Technology infrastructure at RISD is expanding and becoming more complex. There are more people dependent upon the network, more client machines, upgraded and expanded administrative systems, and more application programs. As the interdependency between Information Technology infrastructures grows, the need for a strong change management process is essential.

Managing these changes is a critical part of providing a robust and valuable Information Technology infrastructure.

Purpose
The purpose of the Change Management Policy is to manage changes in a rational and predictable manner so that staff and clients can plan accordingly. Changes require serious forethought, careful monitoring, and follow-up evaluation to reduce negative impact to the user community and to increase the value of information resource.

Definitions
Owner: The manager or agent responsible for the function which is supported by the resource, the individual upon whom responsibility rests for carrying out the program that uses the resources. The owner is responsible for establishing the controls that provide the security. The owner of a collection of information is the person responsible for the business results of that system or the use of the information. Where appropriate, ownership may be shared by managers of different departments.

Change Management: The process of controlling modifications to hardware, software, firmware, and documentation to ensure that information is protected against improper modification before, during, and after system implementation.

Change:
- any implementation of new functionality
- any interruption of service
- any repair of existing functionality
- any removal of existing functionality

Standard Change – this low-risk change is pre-authorized, so it doesn't need approval. Standard changes are routine things – like maintenance, updates, or weekly server reboots. The activities required to implement the change are well known and proven to work properly.

Normal Change – these are changes that are more infrequent, are broader in scope, involve system downtime, or are touching a critical piece of infrastructure. These will all need to follow a change management process including approval.

Emergency Change – these changes are outside of a normal change management review process. They may be used for things like a server reboot to clear an issue or some sort of error that is affecting a service to a great degree. These do not go through change management review but should go through a post-event review to make certain that the appropriate procedures were followed.

Change Management Policy

• Every change to an RISD IT resource such as: operating systems, computing hardware, networks, and applications is subject to the Change Management Policy and must follow the Change Management Procedures.

• All changes affecting computing environmental facilities (e.g., air-conditioning, water, heat, plumbing, electricity, and alarms) should be reported to or coordinated with the leader of the change management process.

• The Technology Director will regularly review change requests and to ensure that change reviews and communications are being satisfactorily performed.

• All Normal Change notifications must be submitted in accordance with change management procedures so there is time to review the request, determine and review potential failures, and make the decision to allow or delay the request.

• The Technology Director may deny a scheduled or unscheduled change for reasons including, but not limited to, inadequate planning, inadequate back out plans, the timing of the change will negatively impact a key business process such as year-end accounting, or if adequate resources cannot be readily available.

• A Change Management Log must be maintained for all changes. The log must contain, but is not limited to:
   ❖ Date of submission and date of change
   ❖ Owner contact information
   ❖ Nature of the change
   ❖ Indication of success or failure

All RISD information systems must comply with an IT change management process that meets the standards outlined above.

Support Information

This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

Revision History

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v 2.0	Jeff H.	2/28/2020	Updated to reflect ITIL v.4	Approver	07/20/2016

INCIDENT MANAGEMENT POLICY

Introduction

The number of computer security incidents and the resulting cost of business disruption and service restoration continue to escalate. Implementing solid security policies, blocking unnecessary access to networks and computers, improving user security awareness, and early detection and mitigation of security incidents are some the actions that can be taken to reduce the risk and drive down the cost of security incidents.

Purpose

This document describes the requirements for dealing with computer security incidents. Security incidents include, but are not limited to: virus, worm, and Trojan horse detection, unauthorized use of computer accounts and computer systems, as well as complaints of improper use of information resources, as outlined in the Email Policy and the Acceptable Use Policy.

Definitions

Technology Director: Personnel responsible for coordinating the response to computer security incidents in an organization

Security Incident: In information operations, an assessed event of attempted entry, unauthorized entry, or an information attack on an automated information system. It includes unauthorized probing and browsing; disruption or denial of service; altered or destroyed input, processing, storage, or output of information; or changes to information system hardware, firmware, or software characteristics with or without the users' knowledge, instruction, or intent**.**

Vendor: someone who exchanges goods or services for money.

Incident Management Practice Standard Policy

• Whenever a security incident, such as a virus, worm, hoax email, discovery of hacking tools, altered data, etc. is suspected or confirmed, the appropriate Incident Management procedures must be followed.

• The Technology Director is responsible for notifying the Superintendent and initiating the appropriate incident management action.

• The Technology Director is responsible for determining the physical and electronic evidence to be gathered as part of the Incident Investigation.

• The Technology Director is responsible for monitoring that any damage from a security incident is repaired or mitigated and that the vulnerability is eliminated or minimized where possible.

• The Technology Director and Superintendent will determine if a widespread RISD communication is required, the content of the communication, and how best to distribute the communication.

• The Technology Director is responsible for communicating new issues or vulnerabilities to the system vendor and working with the vendor to eliminate or mitigate the vulnerability.

• The Technology Director is responsible for initiating, completing, and documenting the incident investigation.

• The Technology Director is responsible for reporting the incident to the:

❖ Superintendent
❖ Department of Information Resources as outlined in TAC 202
❖ Local, state or federal law officials as required by applicable statutes and/or regulations

• The Technology Director is responsible for coordinating communications with outside organizations and law enforcement.

• In the case where law enforcement is not involved, the Technology Director will recommend disciplinary actions, if appropriate, to the Superintendent.

• In the case where law enforcement is involved, the Technology Director will act as the liaison between law enforcement and RISD.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action
Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

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INTRUSION DETECTION POLICY

Introduction
Intrusion detection plays an important role in implementing and enforcing an organizational security policy. As information technologies grow in complexity, effective security systems must evolve. With the proliferation of the number of vulnerability points introduced by the use of distributed systems some type of assurance is needed that the systems and network are secure. Intrusion detection systems can provide part of that assurance.

Purpose
Intrusion detection provides two important functions in protecting information resources:

• Feedback: information as to the effectiveness of other components of the security system. If a robust and effective intrusion detection system is in place, the lack of detected intrusions is an indication that other defenses are working.

• Trigger: a mechanism that determines when to activate planned responses to an intrusion incident.

Intrusion Detection Policy

• Intruder detection must be implemented for all servers containing data classified as high risk.

• Operating system and application software logging processes should be enabled on all critical server systems. Where possible, alarm and alert functions, as well as logging and monitoring systems should be enabled.

• Server, firewall, and critical system logs should be reviewed frequently. Where possible, automated review should be enabled, and alerts should be transmitted to the administrator when a serious security intrusion is detected.

• Intrusion tools should be installed where appropriate and checked on a regular basis.

Support Information

This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

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NETWORK CONFIGURATION POLICY

Introduction

RISD network infrastructure is provided as a central utility for all users of RISD information resources. It is important that the infrastructure, which includes cabling and the associated equipment such as routers and switches, continues to develop with sufficient flexibility to meet user demands while at the same time remaining capable of exploiting anticipated developments in high speed networking technology to allow the future provision of enhanced user services.

Purpose

The purpose of RISD Network Configuration Security Policy is to establish the rules for the maintenance, expansion and use of the network infrastructure. These rules are necessary to preserve the integrity, availability, and confidentiality of RISD information.

Network Configuration Policy

• RISD Information Technology (IT) owns and is responsible for RISD network infrastructure and will continue to manage further developments and enhancements to this infrastructure.

• To provide a consistent RISD network infrastructure capable of exploiting new networking developments, all cabling must be installed by RISD IT or an approved contractor.

• All network connected equipment must be configured to a specification approved by RISD IT.

• All hardware connected to RISD network is subject to RISD IT management and monitoring standards.

• Changes to the configuration of active network management devices must not be made without the approval of RISD IT.

• RISD network infrastructure supports a well-defined set of approved networking protocols. Any use of non-sanctioned protocols must be approved by RISD IT.

• The networking addresses for the supported protocols are allocated, registered and managed centrally by RISD IT.

• All connections of the network infrastructure to external third party networks are the responsibility of RISD IT. This includes connections to external telephone networks.

• RISD IT Firewalls must be installed and configured following RISD standards.

• The use of departmental firewalls is not permitted without the written authorization from RISD IT.

• Users must not extend or re-transmit network services in any way. This means you must not install a router, switch, hub, or wireless access point to RISD network without RISD IT approval.

• Users must not install network hardware or software that provides network services without RISD IT approval.

• Users are not permitted to alter network hardware in any way.

Support Information

This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

Revision History

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v 2.0	Jeff H	2/28/2020		Approver	07/20/2016

PHYSICAL ACCESS POLICY

Introduction

Technical support staff, security administrators, system administrators, and others may have Information Technology physical facility access requirements as part of their function. The granting, controlling, and monitoring of the physical access to Information Technology facilities is extremely important to an overall security program.

Purpose

The purpose of RISD Physical Access Policy is to establish the rules for the granting, control, monitoring, and removal of physical access to Information Technology facilities.

Physical Access Policy

• All physical security systems must comply with all applicable regulations such as, but not limited to, building codes and fire prevention codes.
• Physical access to all Information Technology restricted facilities should be documented and managed.
• All IT facilities must be physically protected in proportion to the criticality or importance of their function at RISD.
• Access to IT facilities must be granted only to RISD support personnel, and contractors, whose job responsibilities require access to that facility.
• The process for granting card and/or key access to IT facilities must include the approval of the Technology Director.
• Each individual that is granted access rights to an IT facility must receive emergency procedures training for the facility and must sign the appropriate access agreements.
• Requests for access must come from the RISD Technology Director.
• Access cards and/or keys must not be shared or loaned to others.
• Access cards and/or keys that are no longer required must be returned to the Technology Director.
Cards must not be reallocated to another individual bypassing the return process.
• Lost or stolen access cards and/or keys must be reported to the Technology Director.
• Cards and/or keys must not have identifying information other than a return mail address.
• All IT facilities that allow access to visitors will track visitor access with a sign in/out log.
• A service charge may be assessed for access cards and/or keys that are lost, stolen or are not returned.
• Card access records and visitor logs for IT facilities must be kept for routine review based upon the criticality of the information resources being protected. The person responsible for the IT facility must remove the card and/or key access rights of individuals that change roles within RISD or are separated from their relationship with RISD.
• Visitors must be escorted in card access controlled areas of IT facilities.
• The person responsible for the IT facility must review card and/or key access rights for the facility on a periodic basis and remove access for individuals that no longer require access.
• Signage for restricted access rooms and locations must be practical, yet minimal discernible evidence of the importance of the location should be displayed.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action
Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

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SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT POLICY

Introduction
The development of new systems, applications or major enhancements to existing systems is often the result of significant changes made to the processes they support. Ideally, the efforts to simplify business processes will be done by the functional office in conjunction with the technical staff, so that current technologies can be considered as the processes are reviewed. Ultimately, the most important criteria for development are to create changes that are best for RISD as a whole.

Purpose
The purpose of the System Development Policy is to describe the requirements for developing and/or implementing new software within RISD.

Definitions

System Development Life Cycle (SDLC): a set of procedures to guide the development of production application software and data items. A typical SDLC includes design, development, maintenance, quality assurance and acceptance testing.

Owner: The manager or agent responsible for the function which is supported by the resource, the individual upon whom responsibility rests for carrying out the program that uses the resources. The owner is responsible for establishing the controls that provide the security. The owner of a collection of information is the person responsible for the business results of that system or use of the information. Where appropriate, ownership may be shared by managers of different departments

User: Has the responsibility to (1) use the resource only for the purpose specified by the owner, (2) comply with controls established by the owner, and (3) prevent disclosure of confidential or sensitive information. The user is any person who has been authorized to read, enter, or update information by the owner of the information. The user is the single most effective control for providing adequate security.

Production System: The hardware, software, physical, procedural, and organizational issues that need to be considered when addressing the security of an application, group of applications, organizations, or group of organizations.

System Development Policy
• Information Technology (IT) is responsible for developing, maintaining, and participating in a System Development Life Cycle (SDLC) for RISD system development projects. All software developed in-house which runs on production systems should be developed according to the SDLC. At a minimum, this plan should address the areas of preliminary analysis or feasibility study; risk identification and mitigation; systems analysis; general design; detail design; development; quality assurance and acceptance testing; implementation; and post-implementation maintenance and review. This methodology ensures that the software will be adequately documented and tested before it is used for critical RISD information.
• All production systems must have designated Owners for the critical information they process. IT must perform periodic risk assessments of production systems to determine whether the controls employed are adequate.
• All production systems must have an access control system to restrict who can access the system as well as restrict the privileges available to these users. A designated access control administrator (who is not a regular user on the system in question) must be assigned for all production systems.

• Where resources permit, there should be a separation between the production, development, and test environments. This will ensure that security is rigorously maintained for the production system, while the development and test environments can maximize productivity with fewer security restrictions. Migration of code between SDLC environments must comply with the Change Management Policy. All production software testing must utilize sanitized information.

• All application-program-based access paths other than the formal user access paths must be deleted or disabled before software is moved into production.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

Revision History

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v 2.0	Jeff H	2/28/2020		Approver	07/20/2016

SECURITY MONITORING POLICY

Introduction
Security Monitoring is a method used to confirm that the security practices and controls in place are being adhered to and are effective. Monitoring consists of activities such as but not limited to the review of:

• Automated intrusion detection system logs
• Firewall logs
• User account logs
• Network scanning logs
• Application logs
• Data backup recovery logs
• Help desk logs
• Other log and error files.

Purpose
The purpose of the Security Monitoring Policy is to ensure that Information Technology security controls are in place, are effective, and are not being bypassed. One of the benefits of security monitoring is the early identification of wrongdoing or new security vulnerabilities. This early identification can help to block the wrongdoing or vulnerability before harm can be done, or at least to minimize the potential impact. Other benefits include Audit Compliance, Service Level Monitoring, Performance Measurement, Limitation of Liability, and Capacity Planning.

Security Monitoring Policy
• Automated tools will be used by RISD IT to provide real time notification of detected wrongdoing and vulnerability exploitation. Where possible a security baseline will be developed and the tools will report exceptions. These tools will be deployed to monitor:
  ❖ Internet traffic
  ❖ Electronic mail traffic
  ❖ LAN traffic, protocols, and device inventory
  ❖ Operating system security parameters

• The following files will be checked for signs of wrongdoing and vulnerability exploitation at a frequency determined by risk:
  ❖ Automated intrusion detection system logs
  ❖ Firewall logs
  ❖ User account logs

- ❖ Network scanning logs
- ❖ System error logs
- ❖ Application logs
- ❖ Data backup and recovery logs
- ❖ Help desk trouble tickets

Any security issues discovered will be reported for follow-up investigation to the RISD Technology Director.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action
Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

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SYSTEM SECURITY POLICY

Introduction
Servers are depended upon to deliver data in a secure, reliable fashion. There must be assurance that data integrity, confidentiality and availability are maintained. One of the required steps to attain this assurance is to ensure that the servers are installed and maintained in a manner that prevents unauthorized access, unauthorized use, and disruptions in service.

Purpose
The purpose of RISD System Security Policy document is to describe the requirements for installing a new system in a secure fashion and maintaining the security of the server and application software.

System Security Policy
All systems introduced on RISD network should be made secure before placing them into production. This is known as "hardening" the systems. This process should be a combination of vendor recommendations, and industry best practices and procedures as deemed appropriate.

- ❖ Installing the operating system from an IT approved source.

• All systems connected to RISD network should have a vendor supported version of the operating system installed.

• All systems connected to RISD network should be current with security patches, hot fixes or updates for operating systems and applications. Security patches, hot fixes or updates must be applied in a timely manner, as approved by the Technology Director, to protect RISD information resources.

• Setting security parameters, file protections and enabling audit logging.

• All unnecessary services should be disabled.

• Systems in the final stages of hardening may be placed on RISD network in an isolated segment such as a segmented lab environment to minimize exposure.

• Vulnerability scans or penetration tests must be performed on all Internet-facing applications and systems before placement into production. At a minimum, yearly audits must be conducted to re-evaluate the risk potential of applications and systems.

• System integrity checks of server systems housing high risk RISD data should be performed.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

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VENDOR ACCESS POLICY

Introduction

Vendors play an important role in the support of hardware and software management, and operations for customers. Vendors can remotely view, copy and modify data and audit logs, they correct software and operating systems problems; they can monitor and fine tune system performance; they can monitor hardware performance and errors; they can modify environmental systems, and reset alarm thresholds. Setting limits and controls on what can be seen, copied, modified, and controlled by vendors will eliminate or reduce the risk of loss of revenue, liability, loss of trust, and embarrassment to RISD.

Purpose

The purpose of RISD Vendor Access Policy is to establish the rules for vendor access to RISD information resources and support services (A/C, UPS, PDU, fire suppression, etc.), vendor responsibilities, and the protection of RISD information.

Vendor Access Policy

• Vendors must comply with all applicable RISD policies, practice standards and agreements, including, but not limited to:

- ❖ Safety Policies
- ❖ Privacy Policies
- ❖ Security Policies
- ❖ Software Licensing Policies
- ❖ Acceptable Use Policies

• Vendor agreements and contracts should specify:
- ❖ RISD information the vendor should have access to
- ❖ How RISD information is to be protected by the vendor
- ❖ Acceptable methods for the return, destruction or disposal of RISD information in the vendor's possession at the end of the contract
- ❖ The Vendor must only use RISD information and information resources for the purpose of the business agreement
- ❖ Any other RISD information acquired by the vendor in the course of the contract cannot be used for the vendor's own purposes or divulged to others

• RISD will provide an IT point of contact for the Vendor. The point of contact will work with the Vendor to make certain the Vendor is in compliance with these policies.

• Each on-site vendor employee must acquire an RISD identification badge that will be displayed at all times while on RISD premises. The badge must be returned to RISD when the employee leaves the contract or at the end of the contract.

• Each vendor with access to RISD sensitive information should be cleared to handle that information.

• Vendor personnel must report all security incidents directly to the appropriate RISD personnel.

•If vendor management is involved in RISD security incident management, the responsibilities and details must be specified in the contract.

• Vendor must follow all applicable RISD change control processes and procedures.

Support Information
This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action
Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

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v 2.0	Jeff H	2/28/2020		Approver	07/20/2016

INTERNET SAFETY POLICY

Introduction
It is the policy of Runge Independent School District to: (a) prevent user access over its computer network to, or transmission of, inappropriate material via Internet, electronic mail, or other forms of direct electronic communications; (b) prevent unauthorized access and other unlawful online activity; (c) prevent unauthorized online disclosure, use, or dissemination of personal identification information of minors; and (d) comply with the Children's Internet Protection Act [Pub. L. No. 106-554 and 47 USC 254(h)].

Purpose
RISD will monitor the on-line activities of minors and operate a technology protection measure ("filtering/blocking software or device") on all computers with Internet access, as required by the Children's Internet Protection Act, or CIPA. The filtering/blocking software or device will protect against access to visual depictions that are obscene, harmful to minors, and contains adult content and pornography. Because the District's technology is a shared resource, the filtering/blocking software or device will apply to all computers with Internet access in the District. Evasion or disabling of the filtering/blocking software or device installed by the District is a serious violation of District policy. The Superintendent or designee, or the District's technology administrator may disable the District's filtering/blocking device to enable an adult user access for bona fide research or other lawful purposes. In making decisions to disable the District's filtering/blocking device, the administrator shall consider whether the use will serve a legitimate educational purpose or otherwise benefit the District.

Online Safety – Disclosure, Use, and Dissemination of Personal Information
Runge Independent School District will monitor the activities of minors regarding electronic messaging, the disclosure of personal information of minors, and unlawful online activities. The District will comply with all requirements as required by the Neighborhood Children's Internet Protection Act, or NCIPA.

• All students will be instructed on the dangers of sharing personal information about themselves or others over the Internet.
• Student users are prohibited from sharing personal information about themselves or others over the Internet, unless authorized by the District.
• A student user shall promptly disclose to his/her teacher or another school employee any e-mail communication the user receives that is inappropriate or makes the user feel uncomfortable.
• Users shall receive or transmit communications using only District-approved and District-managed communication systems. For example, users may not use video conferencing or chat services, except in special cases where arrangements have been made in advance and approved by the District.
• All District employees will abide by state and federal law and Board policies and District rules, when communicating about personally identifiable student information.
• Employees shall not transmit confidential student information using District technology, unless designated for that use. Employees will take precautions to prevent negligent disclosure of student information or student records.
• No curricular or non-curricular publication distributed using District technology will include the address, phone number or e-mail address of any student without permission.

Online Safety and Behavior

Runge Independent School District will educate minors about appropriate online behavior including interacting with other individuals on social networking websites and in chat rooms, as well as cyberbullying awareness and response. The District will comply with all requirements as required by the Protecting Children in the 21st Century Act.

General Rules and Responsibilities

All users of the District's technology resources will follow the following rules and responsibilities:

• Accessing, viewing or disseminating information using District resources, including e-mail or Internet access, that is pornographic, obscene, child pornography, harmful to minors, obscene to minors, libelous, pervasively indecent or vulgar, or advertising any product or service not permitted to minors is prohibited.

• Accessing, viewing or disseminating information using District resources, including e-mail or Internet access, that constitutes insulting or fighting words, the very expression of which injures or harasses other people (e.g. threats of violence, defamation of character or of a person's race, religion or ethnic origin); presents a clear and present likelihood that, because of their content or their manner of distribution, will cause a material and substantial disruption of the proper and orderly operation and discipline of the school or school activities; or will cause the commission of unlawful acts or the violation of lawful school regulations is prohibited.

Support Information

This Policy is supported by the Security Policy Standard.

Disciplinary Action

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action which may include termination. Additionally, individuals are subject to loss of RISD information resources access privileges, as well as civil and criminal prosecution. Violations of this policy or aggregate security policies are subject to the guides established in the Violations and Disciplinary Actions Policy of RISD.

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